## LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, AUSTRALIA FEBRUARY 1991

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| INQUIRIES | - for further information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Ms Nicolle Wittmann on Canberra (06) 2526578 or any ABS State office. <br> - for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back page of this publication. |
| :---: | :---: |

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

## DIAGRAM 1. ALL PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69: EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, FEBRUARY 1991 (Source : Table 5)


(a) Includes persons for whom secondary school qualifications could not be devermined.

## Overview

In February 1991 the estimated civilian population aged 15 to 69 was $11,985,900$ persons, an increase of 187,500 since the previous year.

Persons without post-school qualifications $(6,491,900)$ comprise the larger part of this population and $4,819,600$ ( $74 \%$ ) of these had not attended the highest level of school available. A further $1,607,100(25 \%)$ had attended the highest level of schooling.

Persons with post-school qualifications numbered $4,896,100$ and comprised $2,229,200(46 \%)$ with a certificate or diploma, $1,571,700$ (32\%) with a trade qualification, $1,047,200$ ( $21 \%$ ) with a degree or higher and $47,900(1 \%)$ with other qualifications.


It was estimated that 597,800 persons were attending school.

Since February 1986.....

- the survey population has increased by 10 per cent $(1,121,600)$
- the number of persons with post-school qualifications has increased by 23 per cent $(928,100)$
- the number without post-school qualifications has increased by 2 per cent $(97,100)$
- there has been a decrease of 11 per cent $(375,400)$ in the number of persons without qualifications who had left school at age 15 or under
- the proportion of employed persons with postschool qualifications has risen from 45 per cent to 49 per cent
- the proportion of unemployed persons with qualifications has increased from 26 per cent to 34 per cent.


## Since February 1990.....

- an extra 197,100 persons were recorded as having post-school qualifications (4\%)
- persons with certificates/diplomas were the major component of this increase, rising by 139,500 (71\%)
- the age group 45 to 54 recorded the largest increase in the number of persons with post-school qualifications rising by 67,100
- the number of employed persons with post-school qualifications increased by 83,300 (2\%) while the number without decreased by 152,100 (4\%)

[^0]- the number of unemployed persons with postschool qualifications increased by 101,000 (60\%) and the number without increased by 109,000 (29\%)
- the number of persons attending school increased by $32,500(6 \%)$.

DIAGRAM 3. PROPORTION OF PERSONS IN AN EDUCA-
TIONAL ATTAINMENT CATEGORY WHO WERE


Sowce: Table 4

## Participation in the labour force

Persons with post-school qualifications had a labour force participation rate of 82.1 per cent compared to 65.4 per cent for those without post-school qualifications.

Of persons without post-school qualifications those who had attended the highest level of school available had a participation rate of 76.4 per cent and persons who had not attended at the highest level had a participation rate of 62.0 per cent.

Persons who had never attended school $(37,300)$ had a participation rate of 25.6 per cent.

## Persons not in the labour force

Since 1986 the number of persons in this category with a post-school qualification increased by 111,500 (15\%). The number without a qualification declined by 88,000 (4\%).

In February 1991, 25 per cent $(874,700)$ of persons not in the labour force had post-school qualifications. Females accounted for 571,600 (65\%) of these with the majority $(421,300)$ holding certificates or diplomas.

Among the $2,246,700$ persons without post-school qualifications only 379,500 ( $17 \%$ ) had attended the highest level of secondary school available.

DIAGRAM 4. DISTRIBUTION OF POST-SCHOOL QUALIFICA-
TIONS AMONG MALES AND FEMALES, FEBRUARY 1991


Source: Table 4

## Educational characteristics of family members

In February 1991.....

- 50 per cent $(1,984,000)$ of persons identified as husbands or wives with dependent children had a post-school qualification, while 39 per cent $(1,551,000)$ had not attended the highest level of school available
- 51 per cent $(189,300)$ of sole parents had not attended the highest level of school available while a further 40 per cent $(147,600)$ had attained postschool qualifications
- 45 per cent $(669,000)$ of persons who were not members of a family within the household had post-school qualifications.


## Occupation

Just under half of the number of employed managers and administrators had post-school qualifications $(408,900)$ compared to 89 per cent of professionals ( 872,700 ), 77 per cent of para-professionals $(347,200)$ and 65 per cent of tradespersons $(751,400)$. Labourers and related workers had the lowest proportion of persons with post-school qualifications at 24 per cent $(284,100)$.

## Industry

The industry recording the highest number of persons with post-school qualifications was community services with 70 per cent $(947,300)$. The lowest level was in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting industries with 31 per cent $(126,500)$.

Of the 875,000 employed persons with degrees, 40 per cent were in the community services industry.

Three industries accounted for almost two-thirds of persons with trade qualifications. These were manufacturing with $296,000(24 \%)$, wholesale and retail trade with 259,500 ( $21 \%$ ) and construction with 251,100 (20\%).

TABLE 1. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) : LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, FEBRUARY 1986 TO FEBRUARY 1991
('000)

|  | 1986 | 1987(b) | 1988(b) | 1989(b) | 1990(b) | 1991(b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employed | 6.752 .6 | 6,939.2 | 7,159.5 | 7,478.8 | 7,724.0 | 7.651 .8 |
| With post-school qualifications | 3,035.8 | 3,217.5 | 3,349.5 | 3,526.0 | 3,668.9 | 3,752.2 |
| Degree | 687.3 | 683.7 | 734.5 | 770.4 | 834.4 | 875.0 |
| Trade qualification |  | 1,209.2 | 1,227.1 | 1,248.3 | 1,255.9 | 1,242.2 |
| Cerificate or diploma | $\}^{2,260.3}$ | 1,299.3 | 1,368.7 | 1,491.1 | 1,532.3 | 1,604.1 |
| Other | 88.1 | 25.3 | 19.2 | 16.3 | 46.2 | 31.0 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 3,615.7 | 3,603.5 | 3,689.7 | 3,808.2 | 3,911.0 | 3.758 .9 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 848.1 | 881.3 | 928.9 | 977.8 | 1,068.1 | 1,094.8 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available left at age - | 2,758.4 | 2,695.0 | 2,725.4 | 2,802.4 | 2,813.9 | 2,638.8 |
| 16 and over | 1,049.8 | 1,053.3 | 1,097.4 | 1,186.2 | 1,202.0 | 1,147.3 |
| 15 and under | 1,708.6 | 1,641.7 | 1,627.9 | 1,616.2 | 1,611.9 | 1,491.6 |
| Still at school | 101.2 | 118.2 | 120.3 | 144.6 | 144.2 | 140.7 |
| Unemployed | 649.6 | 687.3 | 633.0 | 588.0 | 581.8 | 800.7 |
| With post-school qualifications | 169.1 | 178.1 | 181.8 | 165.9 | 168.3 | 269.3 |
| Degree | 27.9 | 25.4 | 27.2 | 32.3 | 37.5 | 44.2 |
| Trade qualification | 28.3 | 64.2 | 61.8 | 46.6 | 46.3 | 88.2 |
| Cerificate or diploma |  | 85.3 | 89.5 | 83.6 | 80.5 | 131.2 |
| Other | 12.9 | *3.2 | *3.3 | *3.4 | 4.0 | 5.7 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 444.4 | 468.0 | 410.9 | 384.8 | 377.4 | 486.4 |
| Autended highest level of secondary school available | 97.6 | 109.1 | 97.2 | 96.9 | 96.6 | 132.8 |
| Did not autend highest level of secondary school available left at age - | 344.7 | 355.2 | 308.2 | 283.8 | 277.2 | 350.8 |
| 16 and over | 130.7 | 143.0 | 130.1 | 118.3 | 118.7 | 153.4 |
| 15 and under | 214.0 | 212.2 | 178.1 | 165.5 | 158.5 | 197.4 |
| Suill at school | 36.0 | 41.2 | 40.3 | 37.3 | 36.1 | 45.1 |
| Labour force | 7,402.2 | 7,626.5 | 7,792.5 | 8,066.9 | 8,305.8 | 8,452.5 |
| With post-school qualifications | 3,204.9 | 3,395.7 | 3,531.3 | 3,691.9 | 3,837.1 | 4,021.5 |
| Degree | 715.2 | 709.1 | 761.7 | 802.7 | 871.9 | 919.1 |
| Trade qualification |  | 1,273.3 | 1,288.8 | 1,294.8 | 1,302.2 | 1,330.3 |
| Certificate or diploma | \} $2,388.6$ | 1,384.6 | 1,458.3 | 1,574.6 | 1,612.8 | 1,735.3 |
| Other | 101.1 | 28.6 | 22.5 | 19.7 | 50.2 | 36.7 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 4,060.1 | 4,071.4 | 4,100.5 | 4,193.1 | 4,288.4 | 4,245.3 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 945.7 | 990.4 | 1,026.1 | 1,074.7 | 1,164.7 | 1,227.6 |
| Did not autend highest level of secondary school available left at age - | 3,103.1 | 3,050.1 | 3,033.6 | 3,086.2 | 3,091.1 | 2,989.6 |
| 16 and over | 1,180.5 | 1,196.3 | 1,227.6 | 1,304.5 | 1,320.7 | 1,300.6 |
| 15 and under | 1,922.6 | 1,853.9 | 1,806.0 | 1,781.7 | 1,770.4 | 1,689.0 |
| Still at school | 137.2 | 159.4 | 160.6 | 181.9 | 180.3 | 185.8 |
| Not in labour force | 3,462.1 | 3.473 .6 | 3,576.5 | 3,530.5 | 3,492.5 | 3,533.4 |
| With post-school qualifications | 763.2 | 845.2 | 855.4 | 914.4 | 861.9 | 874.7 |
| Degree | 110.9 | 107.5 | 106.6 | 125.9 | 115.8 | 128.1 |
| Trade qualification | ) 615.5 | 254.4 | 262.9 | 269.0 | 255.3 | 241.4 |
| Cerificate or diploma | 615.5 | 470.2 | 472.5 | 509.1 | 476.9 | 494.0 |
| Other | 36.7 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 13.9 | 11.2 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 2,334.7 | 2,262.9 | 2,295.4 | 2,230.0 | 2,245.6 | 2,246.7 |
| Auended highest level of secondary school available | 328.5 | 318.0 | 334.2 | 330.6 | 371.0 | 379.5 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available left at age - | 1,985.4 | 1,912.0 | 1,929.3 | 1,864.6 | 1,837.6 | 1,829.9 |
| 16 and over | 446.2 | 430.9 | 444.1 | 440.3 | 434.5 | 432.6 |
| 15 and under | 1,539.2 | 1,481.0 | 1,485.2 | 1,424.2 | 1,403.2 | 1,397.4 |
| Still at school | 364.2 | 365.6 | 425.7 | 386.2 | 385.0 | 412.0 |
| All persons | 10,864.3 | 11,100.1 | 11,369.0 | 11,597.4 | 11,798.4 | 11,985.9 |
| With post-school qualifications | 3,968.0 | 4,240.8 | 4,386.7 | 4,606.2 | 4,699.0 | 4,896.1 |
| Degree | 826.1 | 816.6 | 868.4 | 928.6 | 987.7 | 1,047.2 |
| Trade qualification | 3,004.1 | 1,527.7 | 1,551.8 | 1,563.8 | 1,557.5 | 1,571.7 |
| Centificate or diploma | \} $3,004.1$ | 1,854.8 | 1,930.8 | 2,083.7 | 2,089.7 | 2,229.2 |
| Other Without post-school qualifications(c) | 137.8 6394.8 | 41.7 6334.3 | 35.8 63960 | 30.1 | 64.1 | 47.9 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 6,394.8 | 6,334.3 | 6,396.0 | 6,423.0 | 6,534.0 | 6,491.9 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 1,274.1 | 1,308.3 | 1,360.3 | 1,405.3 | 1,535.7 | 1,607.1 |
| Did not autend highest level of secondary school available left at age - | 5,088.5 | 4,962.1 | 4,962.9 | 4,950.7 | 4,928.7 | 4,819.6 |
| 16 and over | 1,626.7 | 1,627.2 | 1,671.7 | 1,744.8 | 1,755.1 | 1,733.2 |
| 15 and under | 3,461.8 | 3,334.9 | 3,291.2 | 3,205.9 | 3,173.6 | 3,086.4 |
| Still at school | 501.4 | 525.0 | 586.3 | 568.1 | 565.3 | 597.8 |

(a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Prior to February 1987 the data now published in the Educational attainment categories Trade qualifications" and "Cenificate or diploma" were published as "Trade, technical or ocher certificate". See paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes. (c) Includes persons who never attended school and those for whom attendance at secondary school could not be determined.

TABLE 2. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a): AGE AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, FEBRUARY 1986 TO FEBRUARY 1991
('000)

|  | 1986 | 1987(b) | 1988(b) | 1989(b) | 1990(b) | 1991(b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aged 15-24 | 2,598.6 | 2,599.4 | 2,659.8 | 2,677.9 | 2,696.8 | 2,709.5 |
| With post-school qualifications | 577.0 | 540.0 | 560.2 | 555.8 | 576.8 | 611.2 |
| Degree | 79.2 | 85.0 | 78.6 | 86.7 | 102.4 | 112.2 |
| Trade qualification | \} 467.0 \{ | 179.5 | 187.0 | 165.9 | 165.7 | 170.0 |
| Cerificate or diploma | \} 467.0 ( | 267.9 | 287.1 | 298.5 | 299.1 | 320.9 |
| Other | 30.8 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 4.6 | 9.7 | 8.1 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 1,520.2 | 1,534.3 | 1,513.3 | 1,554.0 | 1,554.7 | 1,500.4 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 550.0 | 577.6 | 602.2 | 640.7 | 701.4 | 722.4 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 968.6 | 952.4 | 907.2 | 908.8 | 846.9 | 773.0 |
| Still at school | 501.4 | 525.0 | 586.3 | 568.1 | 565.3 | 597.8 |
| Aged 25-34 | 2,524.3 | 2,589.7 | 2,643.5 | 2,697.3 | 2,730.5 | 2,758.0 |
| With post-school qualifications | 1,200.5 | 1,262.4 | 1,331.9 | 1,346.5 | 1,357.1 | 1,412.2 |
| Degree | 308.5 | 303.1 | 335.4 | 325.9 | 325.3 | 347.5 |
| Trade qualification | \} 857.4 \{ | 400.7 | 416.4 | 422.8 | 423.2 | 429.5 |
| Cerificate or diploma | 857.4 ( | 544.9 | 570.2 | 589.3 | 593.0 | 620.7 |
| Other | 34.7 | 13.8 | 9.9 | 8.5 | 15.6 | 14.6 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 1,323.8 | 1,327.3 | 1,311.6 | 1,350.8 | 1,373.5 | 1,345.8 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 317.3 | 341.0 | 331.8 | 327.2 | 359.5 | 349.8 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 1,003.1 | 976.3 | 969.4 | 1,011.2 | 1,001.7 | 986.5 |
| Aged 35-44 | 2,211.5 | 2,304.4 | 2,387.9 | 2,457.7 | 2,527.0 | 2.591 .5 |
| With post-school qualifications | 1,017.6 | 1,105.4 | 1,145.9 | 1,229.6 | 1,280.1 | 1,337.6 |
| Degree | 238.2 | 241.6 | 259.6 | 295.2 | 309.1 | 328.0 |
| Trade qualification | \} 744.1 \{ | 370.8 | 370.4 | 375.5 | 387.5 | 388.6 |
| Certificate or diploma | 74.1 - | 485.0 | 507.6 | 551.6 | 569.9 | 612.6 |
| Other | 35.2 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 13.7 | 8.5 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 1,193.9 | 1,199.0 | 1,242.0 | 1,228.0 | 1,246.9 | 1,253.8 |
| Autended highest level of secondary school available | 179.4 | 184.8 | 206.9 | 216.1 | 229.2 | 255.3 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 1,009.5 | 1,000.5 | 1,019.7 | 1,001.9 | 1,004.6 | 983.9 |
| Aged 45-54 | 1,538.5 | 1,589.4 | 1,636.9 | 1,695.0 | 1.764 .5 | 1,838.2 |
| With post-school qualifications | 599.5 | 663.1 | 675.4 | 759.3 | 773.0 | 840.1 |
| Degree | 111.7 | 102.8 | 111.7 | 130.5 | 148.3 | 154.8 |
| Trade qualification | \} $469.9\{$ | 279.9 | 264.3 | 289.9 | 280.7 | 295.7 |
| Certificate or diploma | \} 469.9 \{ | 275.6 | 294.7 | 334.9 | 331.0 | 381.7 |
| Other | 17.9 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 12.9 | 7.8 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 939.0 | 926.3 | 961.5 | 935.7 | 991.5 | 998.1 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 98.9 | 90.9 | 96.9 | 103.1 | 123.8 | 143.6 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 831.3 | 819.8 | 847.4 | 818.9 | 855.6 | 842.5 |
| Aged 55-69 | 1,991.4 | 2,017.3 | 2,040.9 | $2,069.6$ | 2,079.6 | 2,088.8 |
| With post-school qualifications | 573.5 | 669.8 | 673.4 | 715.0 | 712.1 | 695.0 |
| Degree | 88.5 | 84.1 | 83.1 | 90.3 | 102.6 | 104.8 |
| Trade qualification | 465.7 \{ | 296.8 | 313.6 | 309.7 | 300.6 | 288.0 |
| Cerificate or diploma | \} 465.7 \{ | 281.3 | 271.3 | 309.4 | 296.8 | 293.4 |
| Other | 19.2 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 12.2 | 8.9 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 1,417.9 | 1,347.5 | 1,367.5 | 1,354.5 | 1,367.5 | 1,393.8 |
| Autended highest level of secondary school available | 128.6 | 114.0 | 122.5 | 118.1 | 121.9 | 136.1 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 1,276.0 | 1,213.2 | 1,219.2 | 1,209.9 | 1,220.0 | 1,233.7 |
| All persons | 10,864.3 | 11,100.1 | 11,369.0 | 11,597.4 | 11,798.4 | 11,985.9 |
| With post-school qualifications | 3,968.0 | 4,240.8 | 4,386.7 | 4,606.2 | 4,699.0 | 4,896.1 |
| Degree | 826.1 | 816.6 | 868.4 | 928.6 | 987.7 | 1,047.2 |
| Trade qualification | 3 3,004.1 | 1,527.7 | 1,551.8 | 1,563.8 | 1,557.5 | 1,571.7 |
| Cenificate or diploma | \},004.1 | 1,854.8 | 1,930.8 | 2,083.7 | 2,089.7 | 2,229.2 |
| Other | 137.8 | 41.7 | 35.8 | 30.1 | 64.1 | 47.9 |
| Without post-school qualifications(c) | 6,394.8 | 6,334.3 | 6,396.0 | 6,423.0 | 6,534.0 | 6,491.9 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 1,274.1 | 1,308.3 | 1,360.3 | 1,405.3 | 1,535.7 | 1,607.1 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 5,088.5 | 4,962.1 | 4,962.9 | 4,950.7 | 4,928.7 | 4,819.6 |
| Still at school | 501.4 | 525.0 | 586.3 | 568.1 | 565.3 | 597.8 |

(a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Prior to February 1987 the data now published in the Educational atainment categories "Trade qualifications" and "Cerificate or diploma" were published as "Trade, technical or other cenificate". See paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes. (c) Includes persons who never attended school and those for whom attendance at a secondary school could not be determined.

TABLE 3. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) : EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, AVERAGE AND MEDIAN DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, FEBRUARY 1986 TO FEBRUARY 1991

(a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Includes persons with other post-school qualifications. (c) Includes persons who never attended school and those for whom atuendance at a secondary school could no be determined. (d) Includes persons still at school. (e) Prior to February 1987 the data now published in the Educational atuinment categories Trade qualifications" and "Cerificate or diploma" were published as "Trade, technical or other cerificate". See paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 4. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) : LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, FEBRUARY 1991

| Educational attainment | Employed |  |  | Unemployed$-000$ | Labour force | Not in labour force | Total | Unemployment rate -per | Partici pation rate cent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full-time | Part-time | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With post-school qualifications | 2,213.4 | 116.7 | 2,330.0 | 154.4 | 2.484 .5 | 303.1 | 2,787.5 | 6.2 | 89.1 |
| Degree | 522.1 | 29.4 | 551.5 | 21.2 | 5727 | 48.8 | 621.5 | 3.7 | 92.1 |
| Trade qualification | 1,103.3 | 48.5 | 1,151.8 | 81.2 | 1,233.0 | 177.5 | 1,410.5 | 6.6 | 87.4 |
| Certificate or diplorna | 570.8 | 37.3 | 608.1 | 47.6 | 655.7 | 72.6 | 728.4 | 7.3 | 90.0 |
| Other | 17.1 | * 1.4 | 18.6 | 4.5 | 23.0 | 4.1 | 27.1 | 19.5 | 85.0 |
| Without post-school qualifications(b) | 1,899.1 | 1826 | 2,081.7 | 287.2 | 2.369.0 | 566.1 | 2,935.1 | 121 | 80.7 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 519.8 | 85.2 | 605.0 | 70.1 | 675.2 | 120.6 | 795.8 | 10.4 | 84.8 |
| Did not attend highest level of secondary school available | 1,367.7 | 95.8 | 1,463.4 | 215.9 | 1,679.4 | 431.0 | 2.110 .4 | 129 | 79.6 |
| Left at age 18 and over | 29.2 | 3.7 | 32.9 | 9.4 | 42.2 | 6.4 | 48.7 | 22.2 | 86.8 |
| 16 or 17 | 557.8 | 35.0 | 592.8 | 83.4 | 676.2 | 66.0 | 742.2 | 123 | 91.1 |
| 14 or 15 | 685.9 | 48.2 | 734.2 | 104.7 | 838.8 | 258.3 | 1,097.1 | 12.5 | 76.5 |
| 13 and under | 94.7 | 8.9 | 103.6 | 18.5 | 122.1 | 100.4 | 222.5 | 15.1 | 54.9 |
| Never attended school | 4.4 | * 0.9 | 5.3 | - 0.4 | 5.8 | 11.5 | 17.3 | - 7.7 | 33.5 |
| Still at school | * 0.2 | 63.5 | 63.8 | 23.3 | 87.1 | 217.8 | 304.9 | 26.8 | 28.6 |
| Total | 4,112.7 | 362.8 | 4,475.5 | 465.0 | 4940.5 | 1.087 .0 | 6.0275 | 9.4 | 82.0 |
| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With post-school qualifications | 922.9 | 499.3 | 1,422.2 | 114.9 | 1,537.0 | 571.6 | 2.108 .6 | 7.5 | 72.9 |
| Degree | 240.6 | 82.9 | 323.4 | 23.0 | 346.5 | 79.3 | 425.7 | 6.6 | 81.4 |
| Trade qualification | 55.8 | 34.5 | 90.3 | 7.0 | 97.3 | 63.9 | 161.2 | 7.2 | 60.4 |
| Certificate or diploma | 618.3 | 377.6 | 995.9 | 83.6 | 1,079.6 | 421.3 | 1,500.9 | 7.7 | 71.9 |
| Other | 8.1 | 4.3 | 12.4 | * 1.2 | 13.7 | 7.1 | 20.8 | - 9.1 | 65.7 |
| Without post-school qualifications(b) | 973.3 | 703.9 | 1,677.2 | 199.1 | 1,876.3 | $1,680.6$ | 3,556.9 | 10.6 | 52.8 |
| Attended highest level of secondary school available | 295.7 | 194.1 | 489.8 | 62.7 | 552.4 | 258.9 | 811.4 | 11.3 | 68.1 |
| Did not atend highest level of secondary school available | 670.6 | 504.8 | 1,175.4 | 134.9 | 1.310 .3 | 1,398.9 | 2,709.2 | 10.3 | 48.4 |
| Left at age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 and over | 13.4 | 7.7 | 21.0 | 3.6 | 24.7 | 18.4 | 43.0 | 14.7 | 57.4 |
| 16 or 17 | 304.9 | 195.7 | 500.6 | 56.9 | 557.5 | 341.8 | 899.3 | 10.2 | 62.0 |
| 14 or 15 | 317.1 | 273.1 | 590.2 | 66.1 | 656.3 | 850.1 | 1,506.4 | 10.1 | 43.6 |
| 13 and under | 35.2 | 28.3 | 63.6 | 8.2 | 71.7 | 188.7 | 260.4 | 11.4 | 27.5 |
| Never attended school | - 1.7 | * 1.6 | * 3.3 | - 0.5 | 3.8 | 16.2 | 20.0 | * 13.3 | 18.9 |
| Still at school | * 0.2 | 76.7 | 76.9 | 21.8 | 98.7 | 194.2 | 292.9 | 22.0 | 33.7 |
| Total | 1896.4 | 1,279.9 | 3.176 .2 | 335.7 | 3.511 .9 | 2,446.4 | 5,958.3 | 9.6 | 58.9 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With post-school qualifications | 3,136.2 | 615.9 | 3,752.2 | 269.3 | 4,021.5 | 874.7 | 4,896.1 | 6.7 | 82.1 |
| Degree | 762.7 | 112.3 | 875.0 | 44.2 | 919.1 | 128.1 | 1,047.2 | 4.8 | 87.8 |
| Trade qualification | 1,159.1 | 83.0 | 1,242.2 | 88.2 | 1,330.3 | 241.4 | 1,571.7 | 6.6 | 84.6 |
| Cerificate or diploma | 1,189.1 | 414.9 | 1,604.1 | 131.2 | 1,735.3 | 494.0 | 2,229.2 | 7.6 | 77.8 |
| Orher | 25.3 | 5.7 | 31.0 | 5.7 | 36.7 | 11.2 | 47.9 | 15.6 | 76.6 |
| Without post-school qualifieations(b) | 2.872 .4 | 886.5 | 3,758.9 | 486.4 | 4,245.3 | 2,246.7 | 6,491.9 | 11.5 | 65.4 |
| Auended highest level of secondary school available | 815.5 | 279.3 | 1,094.8 | 132.8 | 1,227.6 | 379.5 | 1,607.1 | 10.8 | 76.4 |
| Did not autend highest level of secondary school available | $2,038.3$ | 600.5 | 2,638.8 | 350.8 | 2,989.6 | 1,829.9 | 4,819.6 | 11.7 | 62.0 |
| Left at age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 and over | 42.6 | 11.3 | 53.9 | 13.0 | 66.9 | 24.8 | 91.7 | 19.4 | 73.0 |
| 16 or 17 | 862.7 | 230.7 | 1,093.4 | 140.4 | 1,233.7 | 407.8 | 1,641.5 | 11.4 | 75.2 |
| 14 or 15 | 1,003.0 | 321.3 | 1,324.4 | 170.8 | 1,495.2 | 1,108.4 | 2,603.5 | 11.4 | 57.4 |
| 13 and under | 130.0 | 37.2 | 167.2 | 26.6 | 193.8 | 289.0 | 482.9 | 13.7 | 40.1 |
| Never attended school | 6.1 | * 2.5 | 8.6 | * 0.9 | 9.6 | 27.7 | 37.3 | * 9.9 | 25.6 |
| Still at school | * 0.4 | 140.2 | 140.7 | 45.1 | 185.8 | 4120 | 597.8 | 24.3 | 31.1 |
| Total | 6,009.1 | 1,642.7 | 7,651.8 | 800.7 | 8,452.5 | 3,533.4 | 11,985.9 | 9.5 | 70.5 |

[^1]TABLE 5. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) : AGE AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, FEBRUARY 1991 ('000)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^2]|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]
## TABLE 7. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) WITH A POST-SCHOOL QUALIFICATION : AGE, LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND SUMMARY OF DEMOGRAPHIC AND EDUCATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS, FEBRUARY 1991

('000)

|  | Age |  |  |  |  | Empl. oyed | Unemployed | Not in labour force | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 15.24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55.69 |  |  |  |  |
| Marital status - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married | 115.9 | 946.3 | 1,105.0 | 702.4 | 555.5 | 2,621.5 | 136.6 | 667.0 | 3.425 .1 |
| Not married | 495.3 | 465.9 | 232.6 | 137.7 | 139.5 | 1,130.7 | 132.7 | 207.7 | 1,471.0 |
| Birthplace and period of arrival - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bom in Australia | 525.9 | 1,063.0 | 909.3 | 530.0 | 465.8 | 2,730.9 | 170.9 | 592.2 | 3,494.0 |
| Bom outside Australia | 85.3 | 349.2 | 428.4 | 310.1 | 229.2 | 1,021.3 | 98.4 | 282.4 | 1,402.1 |
| Arrived before 1961 | * 0.0 | 7.0 | 91.6 | 81.6 | 125.8 | 199.2 | 14.0 | 92.8 | 306.1 |
| Arrived 1961-1970 | 16.4 | 105.4 | 88.0 | 118.9 | 62.5 | 294.4 | 23.5 | 73.3 | 391.3 |
| Arrived 1971-1980 | 31.8 | 55.5 | 119.3 | 64.1 | 20.8 | 232.3 | 15.4 | 43.8 | 291.5 |
| Arrived 1981-1990 | 34.8 | 177.9 | 127.9 | 45.5 | 19.8 | 294.5 | 41.7 | 69.6 | 405.8 |
| Arrived 1991 | * 2.3 | * 3.3 | * 1.7 | * 0.0 | * 0.3 | * 0.9 | 3.7 | * 2.9 | 7.5 |
| Country obtained qualification - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In Australia | 590.3 | 1,241.1 | 1,098.2 | 640.0 | 524.4 | 3,196.6 | 213.1 | 684.2 | 4,093.9 |
| Outside Australia | 21.0 | 171.2 | 239.4 | 200.1 | 170.6 | 555.5 | 56.2 | 190.5 | 802.2 |
| Main english-speaking countries | 9.5 | 78.6 | 118.5 | 108.2 | 89.2 | 305.4 | 18.7 | 79.9 | 404.0 |
| Other countries | 11.4 | 92.6 | 120.9 | 91.9 | 81.5 | 250.1 | 37.5 | 110.6 | 398.2 |
| Year oblained qualification - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1951 | . | . | .. |  | 291.0 | 75.2 | 5.8 | 210.0 | 291.0 |
| 1951-1960 | . |  |  | 241.2 | 261.1 | 320.8 | 15.9 | 150.7 | 487.3 |
| 1961-1970 | . | $\ldots$ | 394.7 | 386.5 | 63.1 | 681.8 | 31.8 | 117.2 | 830.8 |
| 1971-1980 |  | 486.6 | 667.2 | 116.8 | 48.0 | 1,046.1 | 62.7 | 190.9 | 1,299.7 |
| 1981-1990 | 593.8 | 938.6 | 286.6 | 110.3 | 31.6 | 1,598.4 | 146.2 | 203.6 | 1,948.2 |
| 1991 | 30.1 | 5.9 | * 2.7 | * 0.3 | * 0.1 | 30.0 | 6.8 | * 2.4 | 39.2 |
| Main field of stucty- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree - | 112.2 | 347.5 | 328.0 | 154.8 | 104.8 | 875.0 | 442 | 128.1 | 1,047.2 |
| Administration(b) | 27.8 | 66.3 | 54.0 | 20.0 | 15.7 | 158.8 | 6.4 | 18.5 | 183.8 |
| Law | 3.7 | 19.2 | 13.9 | 6.3 | 3.5 | 42.7 | * 0.8 | * 3.1 | 46.6 |
| Education | 12.8 | 51.3 | 59.7 | 28.3 | 13.8 | 138.6 | 5.6 | 21.7 | 165.9 |
| Medicine | 4.9 | 25.7 | 26.8 | 14.4 | 11.9 | 72.8 | * 2.5 | 8.3 | 83.6 |
| Science, maths, computing | 25.8 | 63.2 | 52.3 | 25.8 | 10.6 | 150.7 | 9.0 | 18.0 | 177.8 |
| Veterinary, agric., forestry | * 2.3 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 4.2 | * 2.1 | 18.2 | -1.5 | - 3.4 | 23.2 |
| Engineering | 6.9 | 32.5 | 33.5 | 16.5 | 20.2 | 91.9 | 4.1 | 13.6 | 109.6 |
| Architeaure | * 2.0 | 6.4 | 6.4 | * 3.3 | * 3.1 | 18.1 | * 0.5 | * 2.5 | 21.1 |
| Social sciences, arts, etc. | 24.6 | 67.7 | 67.4 | 33.9 | 21.4 | 165.0 | 12.1 | 37.9 | 215.1 |
| Other fields of degree | * 1.4 | 7.8 | 6.7 | * 2.1 | * 2.6 | 18.0 | * 1.6 | * 1.0 | 20.6 |
| Trade qualification- | 170.0 | 429.5 | 388.6 | 295.7 | 288.0 | 1,242.2 | 88.2 | 241.4 | 1,571.7 |
| Metal | 33.2 | 84.0 | 79.4 | 65.5 | 70.8 | 265.8 | 18.7 | 48.4 | 332.9 |
| Service | 16.2 | 27.7 | 30.9 | 15.6 | 12.7 | 67.6 | 3.6 | 31.9 | 103.1 |
| Building | 33.8 | 90.5 | 84.4 | 72.5 | 65.2 | 277.0 | 23.7 | 45.6 | 346.4 |
| Electrical | 18.1 | 52.0 | 52.1 | 30.8 | 26.4 | 154.5 | 6.6 | 18.2 | 179.4 |
| Food and drink | 18.4 | 35.9 | 25.3 | 19.4 | 18.9 | 94.4 | 8.7 | 14.9 | 118.0 |
| Wood and fumiture | 5.7 | 17.1 | 11.2 | 7.8 | 11.8 | 42.0 | 3.8 | 7.7 | 53.5 |
| Printing and allied | 4.5 | 11.1 | 12.8 | 10.1 | 8.0 | 36.9 | * 2.3 | 7.2 | 46.4 |
| Automotive, mechanical | 26.8 | 78.8 | 62.7 | 42.3 | 34.3 | 208.1 | 12.3 | 24.5 | 244.8 |
| Foowear, clothing, textile | * 0.8 | 6.7 | 9.0 | 12.6 | 23.8 | 24.8 | * 2.7 | 25.4 | 52.9 |
| Other fields of trade | 12.5 | 25.6 | 20.7 | 19.3 | 16.1 | 71.1 | 5.6 | 17.6 | 94.2 |
| Cerificate or diploma - | 320.9 | 620.7 | 612.6 | 381.7 | 293.4 | 1,604.1 | 131.2 | 494.0 | 2,2292 |
| Business administration(c) | 37.3 | 68.8 | 91.6 | 65.0 | 42.8 | 246.0 | 14.6 | 44.9 | 305.5 |
| Secretarial(d) | 112.5 | 174.2 | 136.1 | 78.1 | 66.7 | 360.2 | 36.1 | 171.3 | 567.6 |
| Education, teacher training | 20.9 | 64.0 | 85.0 | 46.1 | 32.3 | 180.0 | 11.6 | 56.7 | 248.4 |
| Nursing | 28.0 | 101.6 | 104.8 | 64.9 | 50.2 | 250.3 | 9.8 | 89.5 | 349.6 |
| Other health, paramedical | 12.3 | 28.2 | 26.7 | 16.4 | 10.5 | 73.6 | 3.6 | 16.9 | 94.1 |
| Science(e) | 22.1 | 38.5 | 36.6 | 19.2 | 13.6 | 108.1 | 7.3 | 14.5 | 129.9 |
| Engineering, architecture | 9.5 | 35.0 | 38.8 | 28.2 | 22.4 | 109.6 | 7.7 | 16.6 | 134.0 |
| Transport, communication | 6.4 | 16.3 | 15.1 | 14.0 | 9.1 | 47.6 | 5.6 | 7.6 | 60.9 |
| Social studies, ans, crafts | 18.4 | 32.1 | 25.8 | 20.4 | 20.0 | 66.7 | 12.4 | 37.7 | 116.8 |
| Other fields of cenificate/diploma | 53.5 | 61.8 | 52.1 | 29.4 | 25.6 | 161.9 | 22.3 | 38.1 | 222.3 |
| Other post-school qualifications | 8.1 | 14.6 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 31.0 | 5.7 | 11.2 | 47.9 |
| Persons | 611.2 | 1,412.2 | 1,337.6 | 840.1 | 695.0 | 3,752.2 | 269.3 | 874.7 | 4,896.1 |
| Males | 284.2 | 762.8 | 768.2 | 520.4 | 451.9 | 2,330.0 | 154.4 | 303.1 | 2,787.5 |
| Females | 327.0 | 649.4 | 569.5 | 319.7 | 243.1 | 1,422.2 | 114.9 | 571.6 | 2,108.6 |

(a) See paragraph 13 Explanatory Notes. (b) Includes Business Sudies and Commerce. (c) Includes Commerce. (d) Includes Typing and Data Processing. (c) Includes Computing and Agriculure.

TABLE 8. EMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) : EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND SUMMARY OF DEMOGRAPHIC AND EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS, FEBRUARY 1991 ('000)

|  | Educational attainment |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total(d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With post-school qualifications |  |  |  | Without past-school qualifications |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Did not |  |  |
|  | Degree | Trade qualif. ication | Certificate or diploma | Total(b) | level of secondary school available | level of secondary school available | Total(c) |  |
| Age- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-24 | 89.3 | 143.0 | 246.3 | 484.5 | 479.5 | 504.0 | 985.9 | 1,611.2 |
| 25-34 | 293.9 | 377.8 | 453.3 | 1,134.6 | 265.8 | 617.9 | 888.5 | 2,023.1 |
| 35-44 | 292.7 | 342.8 | 491.4 | 1,133.4 | 195.0 | 682.4 | 884.5 | 2,017.9 |
| 45-54 | 140.4 | 250.4 | 304.6 | 700.5 | 105.6 | 527.2 | 638.8 | 1,339.2 |
| 55-69 | 58.6 | 128.2 | 108.5 | 299.2 | 48.8 | 307.3 | 361.1 | 660.4 |
| Marital status - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married | 589.4 | 922.4 | 1,093.3 | 2,621.5 | 488.0 | 1,761.3 | 2,266.5 | 4,888.1 |
| Not married | 285.6 | 319.7 | 510.8 | 1,130.7 | 606.8 | 877.5 | 1,492.4 | 2,763.7 |
| Birthplace and period of arrival - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Born in Australia | 608.7 | 897.3 | 1,199.6 | 2,730.9 | 818.8 | 2,015.3 | 2,847.4 | 5,707.1 |
| Born outside Australia | 266.3 | 344.9 | 404.5 | 1,021.3 | 276.0 | 623.5 | 911.5 | 1,944.7 |
| Arrived before 1961 | 43.2 | 83.1 | 72.1 | 199.2 | 33.4 | 163.3 | 199.1 | 398.3 |
| Arrived 1961-1970 | 66.2 | 110.2 | 116.0 | 294.4 | 65.1 | 213.4 | 283.9 | 578.3 |
| Arrived 1971-1980 | 64.2 | 72.0 | 94.2 | 232.3 | 93.0 | 130.8 | 225.6 | 462.7 |
| Arrived 1981-1990 | 91.9 | 79.4 | 122.2 | 294.5 | 84.1 | 115.7 | 202.2 | 503.8 |
| Arrived 1991 | * 0.8 | * 0.1 | * 0.0 | * 0.9 | * 0.4 | * 0.3 | * 0.7 | - 1.6 |
| Status of worker - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary eamers | 776.6 | 971.5 | 1,400.7 | 3,173.8 | 976.6 | 2,200.4 | 3,196.7 | 6,502.7 |
| Other | 98.4 | 270.7 | 203.4 | 578.4 | 118.1 | 438.4 | 562.2 | 1,149.1 |
| Full-timeipart-time status- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 762.7 | 1,159.1 | 1,189.1 | 3,136.2 | 815.5 | 2,038.3 | 2.872 .4 | 6,009.1 |
| Part-time workers | 112.3 | 83.0 | 414.9 | 615.9 | 279.3 | 600.5 | 886.5 | 1,642.7 |
| Occupation in current job- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managers and administrators | 98.8 | 130.5 | 175.0 | 408.9 | 114.6 | 307.5 | 425.4 | 834.9 |
| Professionals | 572.6 | 37.0 | 261.8 | 872.7 | 67.3 | 41.0 | 109.7 | 983.5 |
| Para-professionals | 36.3 | 61.0 | 247.3 | 347.2 | 46.9 | 57.3 | 104.7 | 452.6 |
| Tradespersons | 16.2 | 658.4 | 74.9 | 751.4 | 84.3 | 317.6 | 403.9 | 1,156.8 |
| Clerks | 80.1 | 43.7 | 419.8 | 549.5 | 297.6 | 492.9 | 795.6 | 1,348.3 |
| Salespersons and personal service workers | 43.4 | 72.1 | 246.8 | 367.5 | 255.1 | 413.4 | 671.8 | 1,119.6 |
| Plant and machine operators and drivers | 7.4 | 103.0 | 56.1 | 170.8 | 58.5 | 339.4 | 400.4 | 571.5 |
| Labourers and related workers | 20.0 | 136.5 | 122.2 | 284.1 | 170.5 | 669.8 | 847.3 | 1,184.6 |
| Industry of current job- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 14.2 | 36.1 | 73.0 | 126.5 | 50.2 | 219.5 | 272.0 | 407.3 |
| Mining | 12.4 | 27.8 | 14.9 | 55.0 | 10.3 | 31.5 | 42.4 | 97.3 |
| Manufacturing | 66.5 | 296.0 | 161.6 | 527.9 | 134.3 | 485.0 | 622.1 | 1,154.2 |
| Electricity, gas and water | 11.0 | 29.9 | 19.4 | 60.7 | 9.7 | 33.4 | 43.4 | 104.0 |
| Construction | 18.0 | 251.1 | 59.3 | 330.3 | 47.2 | 185.4 | 234.7 | 565.5 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 76.6 | 259.5 | 250.6 | 590.1 | 292.8 | 631.6 | 928.9 | 1,617.3 |
| Transpon and storage | 16.1 | 72.6 | 66.2 | 159.6 | 50.7 | 184.5 | 236.4 | 397.0 |
| Communication | 10.8 | 23.3 | 27.1 | 62.0 | 24.7 | 51.9 | 77.5 | 139.5 |
| Finance, property and business services | 184.0 | 50.8 | 228.0 | 467.1 | 182.6 | 221.0 | 407.6 | 879.3 |
| Public administration and defence | 78.0 | 35.0 | 78.7 | 194.0 | 64.5 | 103.8 | 169.9 | 364.2 |
| Community services | 350.8 | 71.8 | 520.9 | 947.3 | 114.7 | 281.1 | 399.3 | 1,349.8 |
| Recreation, personal and other services | 36.7 | 88.2 | 104.4 | 231.8 | 113.0 | 210.1 | 324.7 | 576.5 |
| Persons | 875.0 | 1,242.2 | 1,604.1 | 3,752.2 | 1,094.8 | 2,638.8 | 3,758.9 | 7,651.8 |
| Males | 551.5 | 1,151.8 | 608.1 | 2,330.0 | 605.0 | 1,463.4 | 2,081.7 | 4,475.5 |
| Fernales | 323.4 | 90.3 | 995.9 | 1,422.2 | 489.8 | 1,175.4 | 1,677.2 | 3,176.2 |

(a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Includes persons with other post-school qualifications. (c) Includes persons who never attended school and those for whom auendance at a sccondary school could not be determined. (d) Includes persons still at school

TABLE 9. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69(a) : EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, SUMMARY OF DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, FEBRUARY 1991 ('000)

|  | Educational altainment |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total(d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With post-school qualifications |  |  |  | Without post-school qualifications |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Did not |  |  |
|  | Degree | Trade qualif. ication | Certificate or diploma | Total(b) | level of secondary school available | level of secondary school available | Total(c) |  |
| - ${ }^{\prime} 000-$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-24 | 9.8 | 17.8 | 38.2 | 67.3 | 92.9 | 136.2 | 229.9 | 342.3 |
| 25-34 | 19.0 | 28.1 | 42.9 | 92.1 | 21.0 | 92.5 | 114.2 | 206.2 |
| 35-44 | 9.7 | 20.2 | 30.2 | 60.8 | 11.6 | 62.4 | 74.7 | 135.5 |
| 45-54 | 4.1 | 12.0 | 13.8 | 30.8 | 3.9 | 37.3 | 41.6 | 72.3 |
| 55-69 | * 1.6 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 18.3 | * 3.4 | 22.4 | 26.1 | 44.4 |
| Marital status - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married | 20.9 | 49.7 | 63.2 | 136.6 | 28.8 | 148.1 | 177.9 | 314.4 |
| Not married | 23.3 | 38.5 | 68.0 | 132.7 | 104.0 | 202.7 | 308.5 | 486.3 |
| Birthplace and period of arrival - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bom in Australia | 22.5 | 56.5 | 87.3 | 170.9 | 97.8 | 262.9 | 362.3 | 572.9 |
| Bom outside Australia | 21.6 | 31.7 | 43.9 | 98.4 | 35.0 | 87.9 | 124.1 | 227.8 |
| A rrived before 1961 | - 0.9 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 14.0 | * 1.8 | 12.9 | 14.8 | 28.8 |
| Arrived 1961-1970 | - 2.6 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 23.5 | 4.1 | 24.7 | 29.8 | 53.3 |
| Arrived 1971-1980 | * 2.1 | 5.6 | 7.7 | 15.4 | 9.0 | 22.5 | 31.6 | 49.1 |
| Arrived 1981-1990 | 13.9 | 9.3 | 18.6 | 41.7 | 19.2 | 27.5 | 46.7 | 91.4 |
| Arrived 1991 | * 2.2 | * 0.4 | * 1.2 | 3.7 | * 1.0 | * 0.2 | * 1.2 | 5.2 |
| Duration of current period of unemployment - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 and under 4 weeks | 12.3 | 15.0 | 29.0 | 57.2 | 31.4 | 51.8 | 83.4 | 155.8 |
| 4 and under 8 weeks | 8.2 | 16.4 | 20.3 | 46.6 | 26.0 | 42.6 | 68.9 | 123.1 |
| 8 and under 13 weeks | 7.7 | 11.4 | 20.0 | 39.1 | 25.1 | 45.1 | 70.7 | 118.1 |
| 13 and under 26 weeks | 7.1 | 17.9 | 19.6 | 45.4 | 19.9 | 58.5 | 78.8 | 129.8 |
| 26 and under 52 weeks | 5.3 | 11.9 | 17.2 | 35.5 | 13.3 | 53.2 | 67.1 | 107.1 |
| 52 and under 104 weeks | * 2.2 | 6.5 | 14.9 | 24.2 | 10.9 | 47.9 | 59.5 | 86.7 |
| 104 weeks and over | * 1.3 | 9.1 | 10.2 | 21.2 | 6.2 | 51.7 | 58.0 | 80.1 |
| Persons | 44.2 | 88.2 | 131.2 | 269.3 | 132.8 | 350.8 | 486.4 | 800.7 |
| Males | 21.2 | 81.2 | 47.6 | 154.4 | 70.1 | 215.9 | 287.2 | 465.0 |
| Females | 23.0 | 7.0 | 83.6 | 114.9 | 62.7 | 134.9 | 199.1 | 335.7 |
| - per cent - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment rate | 4.8 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 10.8 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 9.5 |
| Unemployment/population ratio | 4.2 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 6.7 |

(a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Includes persons with other post-school qualifications. (c) Includes persons who never atuended school and those for whom atendance at a secondary school could not be determined. (d) Includes persons still autending school.

TABLE 10. STATES AND TERRITORIES BY MAIN POPULATION TOTALS, FEBRUARY 1991

|  | State of usual residence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Main survey populations | New South Wales | Victoria | Queensland | South <br> Australia | Western Australia | Tasmania | Northern <br> Territory | Australian Capital Territory | Australia |
| Population 1: <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 | 4,071.1 | 3,102.9 | 2,025.7 | 1,011.8 | 1,151.8 | 314.3 | 105.7 | 202.4 | 11,985.9 |
| Population 2: <br> Employed persons aged 15 to 69 | 2,574.1 | 2,003.8 | 1,269.5 | 652.5 | 741.9 | 193.7 | 68.2 | 148.2 | 7,651.8 |
| Population 3: <br> Unemployed persons aged 15 to 69 | 241.6 | 209.1 | 149.8 | 69.9 | 88.3 | 22.4 | 7.5 | 12.2 | 800.7 |
| Population 4: <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 who are not in the labour force | 1,255.5 | 890.0 | 606.4 | 289.4 | 321.7 | 98.3 | 30.1 | 42.0 | 3,533.4 |
| Population 5: <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 who are in the labour force | 2,815.7 | 2,212.9 | 1,419.3 | 722.4 | 830.2 | 216.0 | 75.7 | 160.4 | 8,452.5 |
| Population 6: <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 with a degree qualification | 371.9 | 280.4 | 144.4 | 68.4 | 103.2 | 24.0 | 8.9 | 46.1 | 1,047.2 |
| Population 7: <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 with a trade qualification | 533.0 | 378.1 | 277.5 | 141.6 | 167.0 | 37.3 | 16.0 | 21.3 | 1,571.7 |
| Population 8 : <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 with a centificate or diploma qualification | 844.3 | 531.2 | 348.6 | 171.4 | 226.7 | 50.7 | 18.6 | 37.7 | 2,229.2 |
| Population 9: <br> Persons aged 15 to 25 | 971.5 | 779.0 | 524.6 | 244.0 | 288.1 | 75.8 | 30.0 | 58.5 | 2,971.4 |
| Population 10: <br> Persons aged 15 to 25 who autended an educational insutution in the previous year | 524.3 | 418.5 | 262.2 | 115.4 | 133.0 | 37.1 | 13.5 | 34.9 | 1.539 .0 |
| Population 11: <br> Employed persons aged 15 to 69 with a degree qualification | 312.7 | 236.7 | 115.4 | 55.8 | 86.3 | 19.8 | 7.6 | 40.7 | 875.0 |
| Population 12: <br> Employed persons aged 15 to 69 with a trade qualification | 426.9 | 300.1 | 216.6 | 108.1 | 130.0 | 30.8 | 12.3 | 17.4 | 1,242.2 |
| Population 13: <br> Employed persons aged 15 to 69 with a certificate or diploma qualification | 600.6 | 401.1 | 241.8 | 126.4 | 158.0 | 34.7 | 13.6 | 27.9 | 1,604.1 |
| Population 14: <br> Persons aged 15 to 69 with a post-school qualification | 1.763 .2 | 1,200.1 | 780.6 | 386.6 | 500.8 | 113.7 | 44.5 | 106.8 | 4,896.1 |

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

## Introduction

The monthly population survey (which is described in The Labour Force, Ausiralia (6203.0)) comprises the monthly labour force survey and supplementary topics. This publication contains some results of a supplementary survey run in association with the February 1991 labour force survey conducted throughout Australia.
2. Of the respondents to the labour force survey, those who fell within the scope of the supplementary survey were asked additional questions. They were asked about their highest educational qualifications. For persons with post-school qualifications, the information sought included field of study, and year and country in which they obtained their highest qualification; and for those without post-school qualifications, it included whether they completed the highest level of secondary schooling available, and if not, at what age they left school.

## Scope

3. The scope of this supplementary survey includes all persons aged 15 to 69 except:
(a) members of the permanent defence forces;
(b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas govemments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
(c) overseas residents in Australia;
(d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia;
(e) visitors to private dwellings;
(f) some patients in hospitals and sanitoriums; and
(g) inmates of reformatories, gaols etc.

## Coverage

4. In the population survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. Sce The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0) for more details.

## Definitions

5. Further definitions of labour force and demographic classifications appearing in this publication are given in The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0).
6. Unless otherwise stated, all characteristics referenced in this publication relate to the week before the interview.

## Results of the survey

7. Due to differences in the scope and method of estimation used in this supplementary survey and that used in the labour force survey, there are some small variations between estimates in this publication and those in the corresponding issue of The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0).
8. The estimates in this publication refer to information collected in the survey month and, due to seasonal factors, may not be representative of other months of the year.
9. Results of similar surveys, conducted annually since February 1979, have been given in previous issues of this publication.
10. This survey will be conducted again in February 1992.

## Unpublished tables

11. As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. Inquiries should be made to Ms Nicolle Wittmann on Canberra (06) 2526578.

## Discontinuities in the series

12. Since February 1987 an expanded classification of post-school qualifications has been used. As a result a small number of persons previously categorised as "Degree" or "Other" may now be included in the categories "Trade qualification" or "Certificate or diploma".
13. Persons aged 70 and over are no longer required to answer the supplementary survey questions on educational attainment. Time series tables have been revised to provide estimates of persons in the age range of 15 to 69 years.

## Survey sample redesign

14. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) sample has been redesigned and reselected using information collected in the 1986 Population Census. As a result, the standard errors used in this supplementary survey differ from those used in surveys of the same topic run prior to September 1987. For details, sce Information Paper-Labour Force Survey-Sample Design (6269.0).

## Estimation procedure

15. The estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a ratio estimation procedure which ensures that the estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population for each capital city and remainder of state by age, gender and labour force status, rather than to the corresponding distribution within the sample itself.

## Reliability of the estimates

16. Estimates in this publication are subject to sampling and non-sampling error. For more information refer to the Technical Note, on page 15.

## Related publications

17. Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0) - issued monthly.
Transition from Education to Work, Australia (6227.0) - issued annually.

Labour Force Status and Educational Attendance, Australia (6272.0) - issued annually.

Schools, Australia (4221.0) - issued annually.
Employer Training Expenditure, Australia (6353.0)

- issued irregularly, latest issue: July to September 1990.

Career Paths of Tradespersons, Australia (6243.0) - issued irregularly, latest issue: 1989.

Career Paths of Qualified Nurses, Australia (6277.0) - issued irregularly, first and latest issue: 1989.
18. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

## Symbols and other usages

* subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See the Technical Note.
. . not applicable

19. Because estimates have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

How Workers Get Their Training, Australia (6278.0)

- issued irregularly, first and latest issue: 1989.


## TECHNICAL NOTE

## Estimation procedure

Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability, that is, they may differ from those that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two changes in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about ninetcen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error, which is obtained by expressing the standard crror as a percentage of the estimates.
2. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. A table of standard errors for general application is given on the following page. Since they are averages based on calculations for a limited number of past surveys over a wide range of labour force characteristics these numbers will not give a precise measure of the standard error of a particular estimate but they will provide an indication of its magnitude.
3. An example of the calculation and the use of standard errors in relation to estimates of persons is as follows. Table 4 shows the estimated number of persons with a Degree qualification in February 1991 is 1,047,200. Since this estimate is between $1,000,000$ and $2,000,000$ in the standard error table, the standard error for Australia will be between 11,100 and 14,300 and can be approximated by interpolation as 11,300 (rounded to the nearest 100 ). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall in the range $1,035,900$ to $1,058,500$ and about nincteen changes in twenty that the value will fall within the range $1,024,600$ to $1,069,800$. This example is illustrated in the following diagram.
4. As can be scen from the standard error table, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are thus subject to such high standard error (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less and percentages based on such estimates are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

5. Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling errors. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. A formula to approximate the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion is given below:

$$
\operatorname{RSE}(x / y)=\sqrt{[\operatorname{RSE}(x)]^{2}-[\operatorname{RSE}(y)]^{2}}
$$

6. Considering the example from paragraph 3 above, of the $1,047,200$ persons with a Degree qualification in Fe bruary 1991, 919,100 or 87.8 per cent participated in the labour force. The standard error of 919,100 is approximately 10,600 so the relative standard error is 1.2 per cent. The relative standard error for $1,047,200$ is 1.1 per cent. Applying the above formula, the relative standard error of the proportion is $\sqrt{(1.2)^{2}-(1.1)^{2}}$ or 0.5 per cent, giving a standard error for the proportion ( 87.8 per cent) of 0.4 percentage points. Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the participation rate of persons with a Degree qualification in February 1991 is between 87.4 per cent and 88.2 per cent and nineteen chances in twenty the proportion is within the range 87.0 per cent to 88.6 per cent.
7. Published estimates may also be used to calculate the difference between two survey estimates (of numbers or percentages). Such an estimate is subject to sampling error. The sampling error of the difference between two estimates depends on their standard errors and the relationship (correlation) between them. An approximate standard error (SE) of the difference between two estimates ( $x-y$ ) may be calculated by the following formula:

$$
\operatorname{SE}(x-y)=\sqrt{[\operatorname{SE}(x)]^{2}+[\operatorname{SE}(y)]^{2}}
$$

8. While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics of subpopulations it is expected to provide a good
approximation for all differences likly to be of interest in this publication.
9. The imprecision duc to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by interviewers and respondents, and errors
made in coding and processing data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

| Size of estimate | NSW | Vic | Qld | $\boldsymbol{S A}$ | WA | Tas | $N T$ | $A C T$ | Australia |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | per cent of estimate |
| 100 |  |  | 130 | 110 | 120 | 80 | 130 | 100 | 120 | 117.6 |
| 200 | 230 | 230 | 190 | 160 | 180 | 120 | 170 | 140 | 180 | 89.0 |
| 300 | 290 | 280 | 240 | 200 | 220 | 150 | 210 | 170 | 230 | 75.2 |
| 400 | 340 | 330 | 280 | 230 | 250 | 180 | 240 | 200 | 270 | 66.6 |
| 500 | 380 | 370 | 310 | 260 | 280 | 200 | 260 | 220 | 300 | 60.5 |
| 600 | 420 | 410 | 340 | 280 | 310 | 220 | 280 | 240 | 340 | 55.9 |
| 800 | 480 | 470 | 390 | 330 | 350 | 250 | 320 | 270 | 390 | 49.2 |
| 1,000 | 540 | 530 | 440 | 370 | 390 | 280 | 360 | 300 | 450 | 44.5 |
| 1,300 | 620 | 610 | 500 | 410 | 440 | 320 | 400 | 340 | 510 | 39.6 |
| 1,500 | 660 | 650 | 530 | 440 | 470 | 340 | 430 | 360 | 560 | 37.0 |
| 1,800 | 720 | 710 | 580 | 480 | 510 | 360 | $\overline{470}$ | 390 | 610 | 34.0 |
| 2,000 | 760 | 750 | 610 | 510 | 540 | 380 | 490 | 410 | 650 | 32.4 |
| 2,500 | 850 | 840 | 680 | 560 | $\overline{600}$ | 420 | 540 | 450 | 730 | 29.2 |
| 3,000 | 920 | 910 | 740 | 610 | 650 | 450 | 590 | 490 | 800 | 26.8 |
| 3,500 | 990 | 980 | 800 | 660 | 700 | 480 | 630 | 520 | 870 | 24.9 |
| 4,000 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 850 | 700 | 740 | 510 | 670 | 550 | 930 | 23.3 |
| 4,500 | 1,100 | $\frac{1,100}{1,150}$ | 900 | 730 | 780 | 540 | 710 | 580 | 990 | 22.0 |
| 5,000 | 1,200 | 1,150 | 940 | 770 | 820 | 560 | 750 | 600 | 1,050 | 20.9 |
| 6,000 | 1,300 | 1,250 | 1,000 | 830 | 880 | 600 | 810 | 650 | 1,150 | 19.1 |
| 10,000 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,300 | 1,050 | 1,100 | 730 | 1.050 | 800 | 1,500 | 14.8 |
| 20,000 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 1,750 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 920 | 1.400 | 1,050 | 2,050 | 10.4 |
| 50,000 | 3,250 | 3,250 | 2,600 | 2,050 | 2,150 | 1,200 | 2,150 | 1,500 | 3,150 | 6.3 |
| 100,000 | 4,300 | 4,300 | 3,400 | 2,650 | 2,850 | 1,500 | 3,000 | 1,900 | 4,300 | 4.3 |
| 200,000 | 5,700 | 5,600 | 4,500 | 3,450 | 3,700 | 1,750 | 4,200 | 2,450 | 5,800 | 2.9 |
| 300,000 | 6,600 | 6,600 | 5.200 | 3,950 | 4,300 | 1.900 |  | 2,800 | 6,900 | 2.3 |
| 500,000 | 8,000 | 7.900 | 6,300 | 4,750 | 5,200 | 2,100 |  | 3,300 | 8,400 | 1.7 |
| 1,000,000 | 10,300 | 10,100 | 8,100 | 6,000 | 6,600 |  |  |  | 11,100 | 1.1 |
| 2,000,000 | 13,000 | 12,800 | 10,300 | 7,500 | 8.400 |  |  |  | 14,300 | 0.7 |
| 5,000,000 | 17,600 | 17,100 | 13,900 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,700 | 0.4 |
| 10,000,000 | 21,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24,800 | 0.2 |

## GLOSSARY

Average duration of unemployment: obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group.

Certificate or diploma: completion of an approved certificate or diploma in secretarial or business studies, administration, teaching, nursing, etc.

Degree: a bachelor degree (including honours), a graduate or post-graduate diploma, masters degrec or a doctorate.

Educational attainment: measures the highest qualification obtained by the respondent. Qualifications may include those obtained at other than educational institutions (e.g. nursing qualifications obtained at a hospital).

Highest level of secondary school available: the highest level of secondary schooling (or equivalent) offered by the education system at the time the respondent left school.

Industry: all occurrences of industry in this publication refer to Industry Division as defined by the Australian Standard Industry Classification (ASIC).

Main field of study: respondents with a degree; trade qualification; or a certificate or diploma (as defined) indicated the main field of study for their highest qualification.

Median duration of unemployment: the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

Occupation: all occurrences of occupation in this publication refer to Major Group as defined by the Australian Standard Classification of Occupation (ASCO).

Other post-school qualifications: completion of other types of education, e.g. adult education, preparatory/bridging course or non-vocational course.

Post-school qualifications: qualifications held by those persons who had left school and answered 'Yes' to the question: 'Since leaving school have you obtained a trade qualification, certificate, diploma, degree or any other qualification?'. Respondents indicated which of the following groups best described their highest qualification: Degree; Trade qualification; Certificate or diploma; Other post-school qualification.

Still at school: current school attendance was recorded only for persons aged fifteen to twenty years.

Trade qualification: completion of an approved trade/technical apprenticeship in fitting and turning, hairdressing, plumbing, carpentry, etc. See paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes, page 13.

Unemployment/population ratio: the number of unemployed persons, for any group, expressed as a percentage of all persons in the same group.

## DATA ITEMS AND HOW TO ORDER SPECIAL TABLES FROM THIS SURVEY

The ABS offers a range of unpublished data from this survey upon request. When ordering special tables from this survey, please ensure you identify the population(s) and the variable(s) which you require.

This section specifies the variables and populations which relate to the survey and includes an order form for special tables.

The population(s) for a particular variable refers to the persons in the survey to whom the variable relates.

## POPULATIONS

POPULATION 1: Persons aged 15 to 69
POPULATION 2: Employed persons aged 15 to 69
POPULATION 3: Unemployed persons aged 15 to 69
POPULATION 4: Persons not in the labour force aged 15 to 69
POPULATION 5: Persons in the labour force aged 15 to 69
POPULATION 6: Persons aged 15 to 69 who had a degree qualification
POPULATION 7: Persons aged 15 to 69 who had a trade/technical qualification or apprenticeship
POPULATION 8: Persons aged 15 to 69 who had a certificate or diploma
POPULATION 9: Persons aged 15-25 years
POPULATION 10: Persons aged 15-25 years who attended an educational institution last year
POPULATION 11: Employed persons aged 15 to 69 who had a degree qualification
POPULATION 12: Employed persons aged 15 to 69 who had a trade/technical qualification or apprenticeship
POPULATION 13: Employed persons aged 15 to 69 who had a certificate or diploma
POPULATION 14: Persons aged 15 to 69 with a post-school qualification

## VARIABLE

POPULATIONS
1 STATE OF USUAL RESIDENCE
Australia
New South Wales
Victoria
Queensland
South Australia
Western Australia
Tasmania
Northern Territory
Australian Capital Territory
2 AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE
Metropolitan
Non-metropolitan
DISSEMINATION REGION
Standard labour force dissemination regions
4 SEX
Males
Females
5 MARITAL STATUS
Married
Not-married
6 FAMILY STATUS
Member of a family
Husband or wife
With dependants present
Without dependants present
Sole parent
Other family head
Full-time student aged 15-24 (a)
Other child of family head
Other relative of family head
Not a member of a family
Living alone
Not living alone
Family status not determined
(a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school

BIRTHPLACE
Born in Australia
Born outside Australia
Born in main English-speaking countries(a)
Born in other countries
Not asked (boarding school pupils)
(a) Comprises United Kingdom, Ireland, Canada, South Africa, U.S.A and New Zealand
N.B. More detailed country groupings available.

VARIABLE

## POPULATIONS

8 PERIOD OF ARRIVAL
Born in Australia
Born outside Australia
Arrived before 1961
Arrived 1961-1970
Arived 1971-1980
Arrived 1981-1990
Arrived 1991
Not asked (Boarding school pupils)
9 AGE
15-19
20-24
25.34

35-44
45-54
55-59
60.64

65-69
N.B. Other age groupings are available

10 LABOUR FORCE STATUS
1,6-10,14
Labour force
Employed
Unemployed
Not in labour force
Unemployment rate
Participation rate
11 STATUS OF WORKER
2,11-13
Wage and salary earners
Other
12 FULL-TIME / PART-TIME STATUS
2,11-13
(ALL JOBS)
Full-time workers
Part-time workers
13 OCCUPATION
2,11-13
Managers and administrators
Professionals
Para-professionals
Tradespersons
Clerks
Salespersons and personal service workers Plant and machine operators, and drivers
Labourers and related workers
INDUSTRY
2,11-13
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting
Mining
Manufacturing
Electricity, gas and water
Construction
Wholesale and retail trade
Transport and storage
Communication
Finance, property and business services
Community services
Recreation, personal and other services

## VARIABLE

POPULATIONS

## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

1-5,9-10
With post-school qualifications
Degree
Trade qualification or apprenticeship
Certificate or diploma
Other
Without post-school qualifications
Atuended highest level of secondary school available
Did not attend highest level of secondary school available
Left at age -
18 years or over
17 years
16 years
15 years
14 years
13 years or under
Never attended school
Secondary school qualifications not determined Still at school

16 MAIN FIELD OF STUDY - DEGREE
Administration, business studies, commerce
Law
Education
Medicine
Science, mathematics, computing
Veterinary science, agriculture, forestry
Engineering
Architecture
Social sciences, arts, humanities Other

17 MAIN FIELD OF STUDY -
TRADE QUALS / APPRENTICESHIP

## Metal

## Service

Building
Electrical
Food and drink
Wood and furniture
Printing and allied
Automotive, mechanical
Footwear, clothing, textile Other

18 MAIN FIELD OF STUDY - $\quad \mathbf{8 , 1 3}$ CERTIFICATE OR DIPLOMA

Business, administration, commerce
Secretarial, typing, data processing
Education, teacher training

## Nursing

Other health, para-medical
Science, computing, agriculture
Engineering, architecture
Transport, communication
Arts, social studies, crafts
Other

VARIABLE
POPULATIONS
19 TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDED LAST YEAR

Primary school / secondary school Other

20 WHETHER ATTENDED FULL-YEAR OR PART-YEAR

Attended full-year
Attended part of year
21 STUDENT STATUS LAST YEAR
Full-time
Part-time
22 DURATION OF CURRENT PERIOD OF UNEMPLOYMENT

1 and under 4 weeks
4 and under 8 weeks
8 and under 13 weeks
13 and under 26 weeks
26 and under 52 weeks
52 and under 104 weeks
104 weeks and over
23 COUNTRY OBTAINED 6-8,11-14 QUALIFICATION
In Australia
Outside Australia
Main English-speaking countries
Other countries
24 YEAR OBTAINED HIGHEST 6-8,11-14 POST-SCHOOL QUALIFICATION

Before 1950
1950-1960
1961-1970
1971-1980
1981-1985
1986-1990
1991

## SPECIAL DATA REQUESTS <br> LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, AUSTRALIA, FEBRUARY 1991

Please specify your special data request(s) on the order form (or on a photocopy of the form) provided on the following page.

The following points should be noted when requesting special tables:

1. Table requests will be available on computer printout, floppy disk or microfiche.
2. The current cost of special tables is as follows -

No. of variables
(excluding populations)
2
3
4
5
6 or more

Cost per table (\$)
120
150
210
300
negotiable

NOTE (i) For tables provided on floppy disk, an additional cost of $\$ 65.00$ per disk will be charged;
(ii) For tables provided on microfiche, an additional cost of $\$ 50.00$ plus $\$ 5.00$ per microfiche will be charged;
(iii) Prices quoted are subject to revisions.
3.

Return the completed SPECIAL DATA REQUEST ORDER form to -
Assistant Director
Education Sub-section
Australian Burcau of Statistics
PO Box 10
Belconnen ACT 2616
4. The invoiced cost is payable in full within 28 days of receipt of the data.
5. Any inquiries about this order should be directed to Ms Nicolle Wittmann on (06) 2526578.

## SPECIAL DATA REQUEST ORDER FORM

Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, February 1991

|  | TABLE No. | VARIABLE No's | TABLE POPULATION | COST(\$) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Example | 1 | 4 (Sex) | 2 | 150 |
|  | by 15 (Educational Attainment) |  |  |  |
|  | by 9 (Age) |  |  |  |

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ADDRESS ADVICE - PLEASE FORWARD MY ORDER AND INVOICE TO:
NAME $\qquad$
ORGANISATION $\qquad$ ADDRESS

POSTCODE $\qquad$
FACSIMILE NO. $\qquad$ TELEPHONE $\qquad$
Signature _ Date / /

## EDUCATION AND TRAINING - RELATED PUBLICATIONS

## LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTENDANCE, AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1990 (Catalogue No. 6272.0)

This annual publication released on 22nd July 1991 provides current information from a household based survey on the level of educational attainment of the Australian population aged 15 to 24 . It also monitors trends in education by providing information on the main field of study and time series data by age and labour force status.

The publication features information on:

- socio-demographic characteristics such as state, age, family status, labour force status and education attainment for the whole population
- summaries of the characteristics of sub-groups of the population such as employed and unemployed persons, persons with tertiary qualifications and persons who were attending an educational institution in the previous year
- time series of educational attainment by age, labour force status and duration of unemployment
- a selection of the findings from the survey
- a glossary and technical note to help explain the concepts and methodologics used.

The publication Labour Force Status and Education Autendance, Australia, September 1990 also includes a full list of the extensive range of data items collected in the survey that will assist you in ordering tailored tables to meet your individual requirements.

To order your copy of Labour Force Status and Educational Attendance, Australia, September 1990, priced at $\$ 10.00$, please fill in the details on the ABS BOOKSHOP ORDER FORM located at the back of this publication.

## TRANSITION FROM EDUCATION TO WORK, AUSTRALIA, MAY 1990 (Catalogue No. 6227.0)

This annual publication, released on 18 th December 1990, provides annual information from a houschold based survey on the labour force characteristics of persons aged 15 to 64 in the educational system, both at the time of the survey and in the previous calendar year. For those attending and those not attending an educational institution it gives a broad picture of their contribution to the workforce, their level of education and the type of work they are engaged in.

The publication features information on:

- socio-demographic characteristics such as gender, age, labour force status and educational auainment
- work history details such as occupation and industry
- type of institution attending
- type of school last attended
- level of course attended/attending
- highest level of education obtained
- information on the characteristics of apprentices.

The publication Transition from Education to Work, Australia, May 1990 also includes a full list of the extensive range of data items collected in the survey that will assist you in ordering tailored tables to meet your individual requirements.

To order your copy of Transition from Education to Work, Australia, May 1990, priced at \$12.50, please fill in the details on the ABS BOOKSHOP ORDER FORM located at the back of this publication.

## EMPLOYER TRAINING EXPENDITURE, AUSTRALIA, JULY TO SEPTEMBER 1990 (Catalogue No. 6353.0)

This publication was released on 22 May 1991 and it shows that in the September quarter 1990, Australian employers spent the equivalent of $2.6 \%$ of gross wages and salaries on the formal training of their employees.

The publication features detailed statistics on:

- training expenditure for 34 industries, three employer sizes, two payroll sizes and sector
- the time employees spent receiving formal training for 10 separate fields of in-house and external training
- costs of training such as wages and salaries of trainers and trainees, fees paid to consultants and training institutions
- other training costs such as expenditure on materials, equipment, travel, accommodation, training rooms and contributions to training institutions.

Extensive unpublished statistics on training expenditure are also available and the publication contains lists of data items that may be used to order specialised tables to suit individual requirements.

To order your copy of Employer Training Expenditure, Australia, July to September 1990, priced at $\$ 25.00$ please fill in the details on the ABS BOOKSHOP ORDER FORM located at the back of this publication.

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This publication, released on 29th May 1991, provides statistics on schools, students and staff involved in the provision or administration of primary and secondary education, in government and non-government schools.

The publication features information on:

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## LABOUR STATISTICS, AUSTRALIA, 1989 (Catalogue No. 6101.0)

This publication provides a wealth of information, including time series statistics, on the Australian labour market in tabular and graphical forms. Selected features highlight some of the more significant elements and trends.

Aspects of the Australian labour market covered in this publication include:

- Socio-demographic characteristics of the labour force.
- employment, unemployment and underemployment
- persons not in the labour force
- award rates, labour costs and employment benefits
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[^4]
[^0]:    Sownce: Table 1

[^1]:    (a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Includes persons for whom attendance at a secondary school could not be determined.

[^2]:    (a) Sce paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Includes persons for whom aluendance at a secondary school could not be determined.

[^3]:    (a) See paragraph 13 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) The family status classification has been changed to discriminate between " Sole parent" and " Orher family
    head" previously combined under the grouping "Not married family head". For further information please refer to the publication Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia (Catalogue no. 6224.0). (c) Includes persons with other post-school qualifications. (d) Includes persons who never attended school and those for whom attendance at a secondary school could not be determined. (e) Includes persons still attending school. (f) Excludes persons aged 21 to 24 attending school.

[^4]:    Information Services, ABS, PO Box 10, Belconnen ACT 2616 or any ABS State office.

